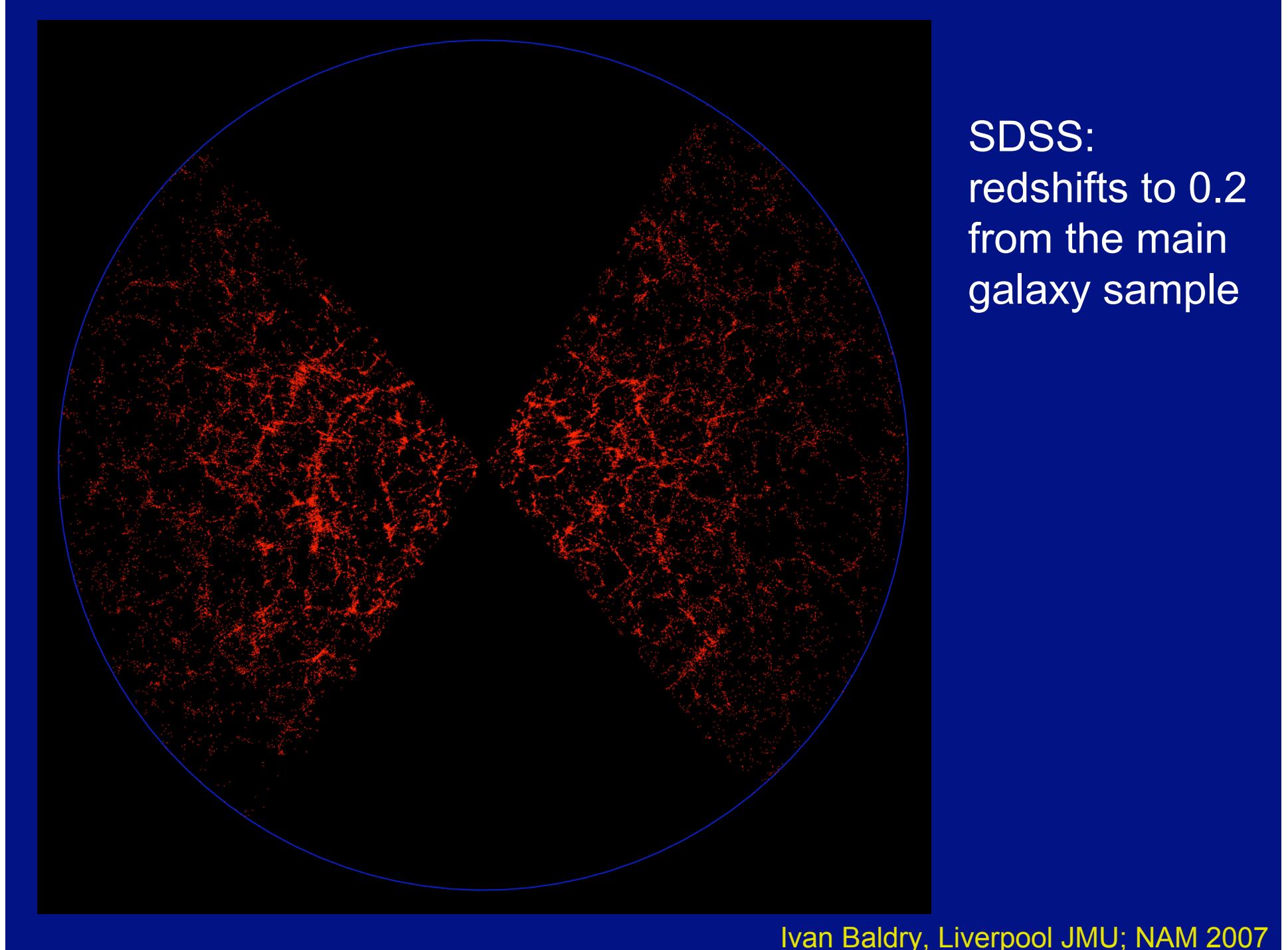


# Galaxy And Mass Assembly (GAMA)

The case for a new redshift survey of  
250 thousand galaxies  
(using AAOmega, the 2dF upgrade on the AAT)

# Team

- PPI: Simon Driver (St. Andrews)
- PIs: I. Baldry, A. Hopkins (Sydney), J. Liske (ESO), R./B. Nichol (Ports), P. Norberg & J. Peacock (Edinburgh)
- Co-Is: many, e.g. ... Steve Bamford, Edd Edmondson, Nick Cross, ... UKIDSS, KIDS, VIKING, ICC



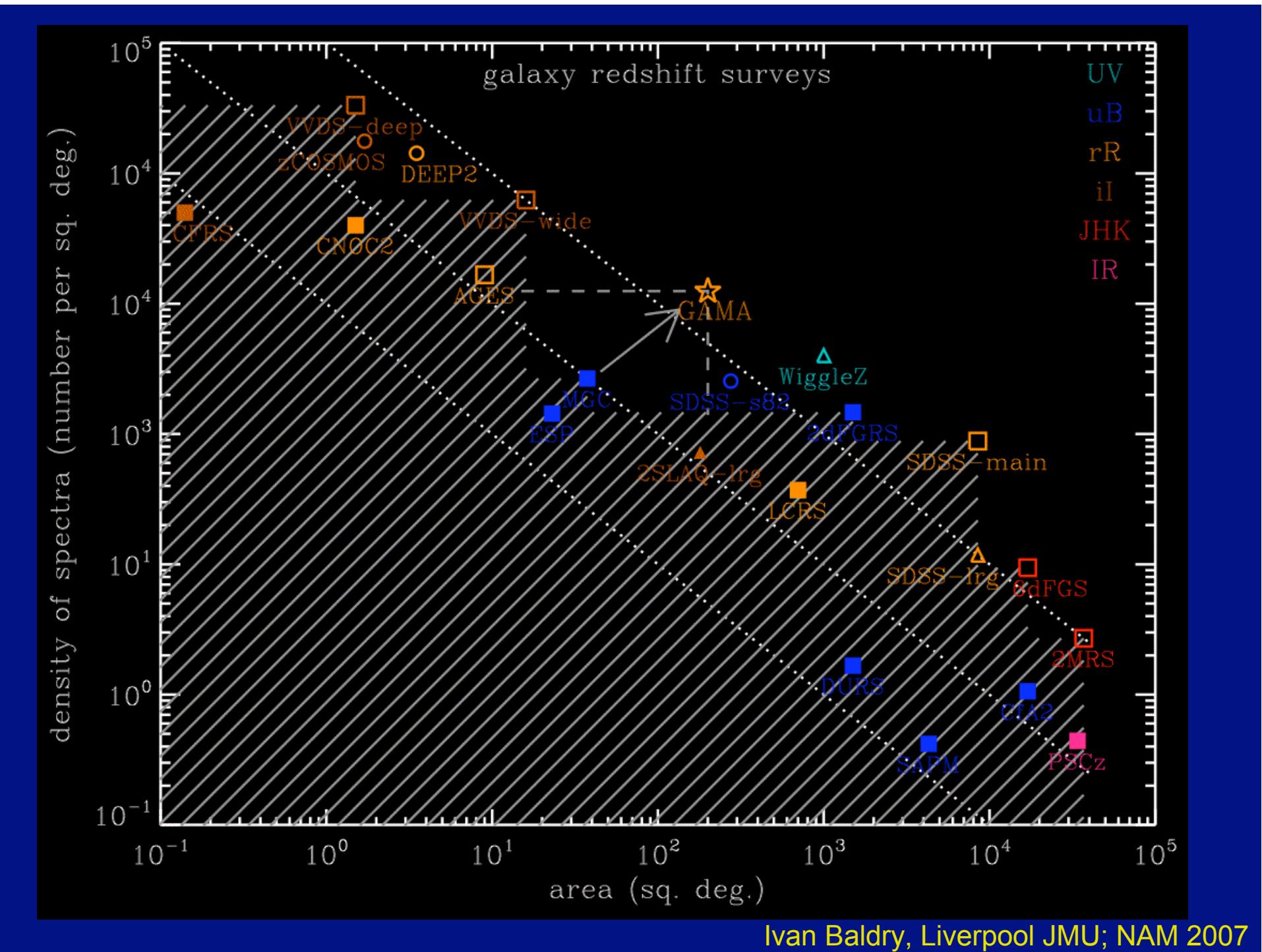
SDSS:  
redshifts to 0.2  
from the main  
galaxy sample

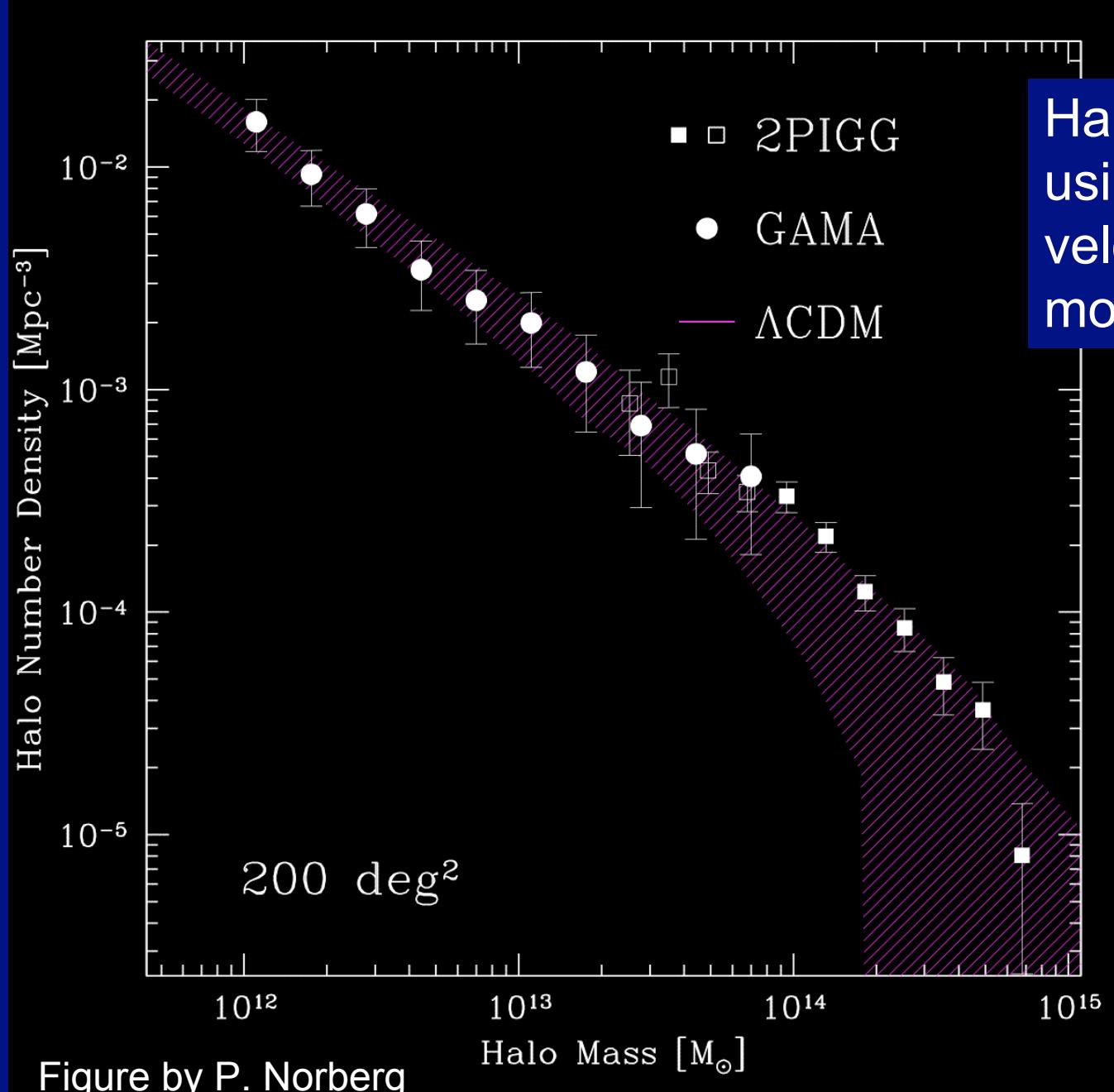
# SDSS(MAIN) + 2dFGRS

- Cosmological parameters, LSS clustering
- Luminosity functions
- Effect of environment
- Star formation histories
- Bimodality in colour / emission lines
- Galaxy properties: AGN, metallicity, post-starburst, etc.

# GAMA primary science goals

- Group halo mass function
- Galaxy stellar mass function
- Merger rates
- Selection
  - $r < 19.8$  ( $\sim 1000 / \text{deg}^2$ )
  - $K < 17.0(18.9_{\text{AB}})$  &  $19.8 < r < 20.5$  ( $\sim 300 / \text{deg}^2$ )
- Area: 200 square degrees





Halo mass function:  
using group finder,  
velocity dispersions,  
mock catalogues.

Figure by P. Norberg

Ivan Baldry, Liverpool JMU; NAM 2007

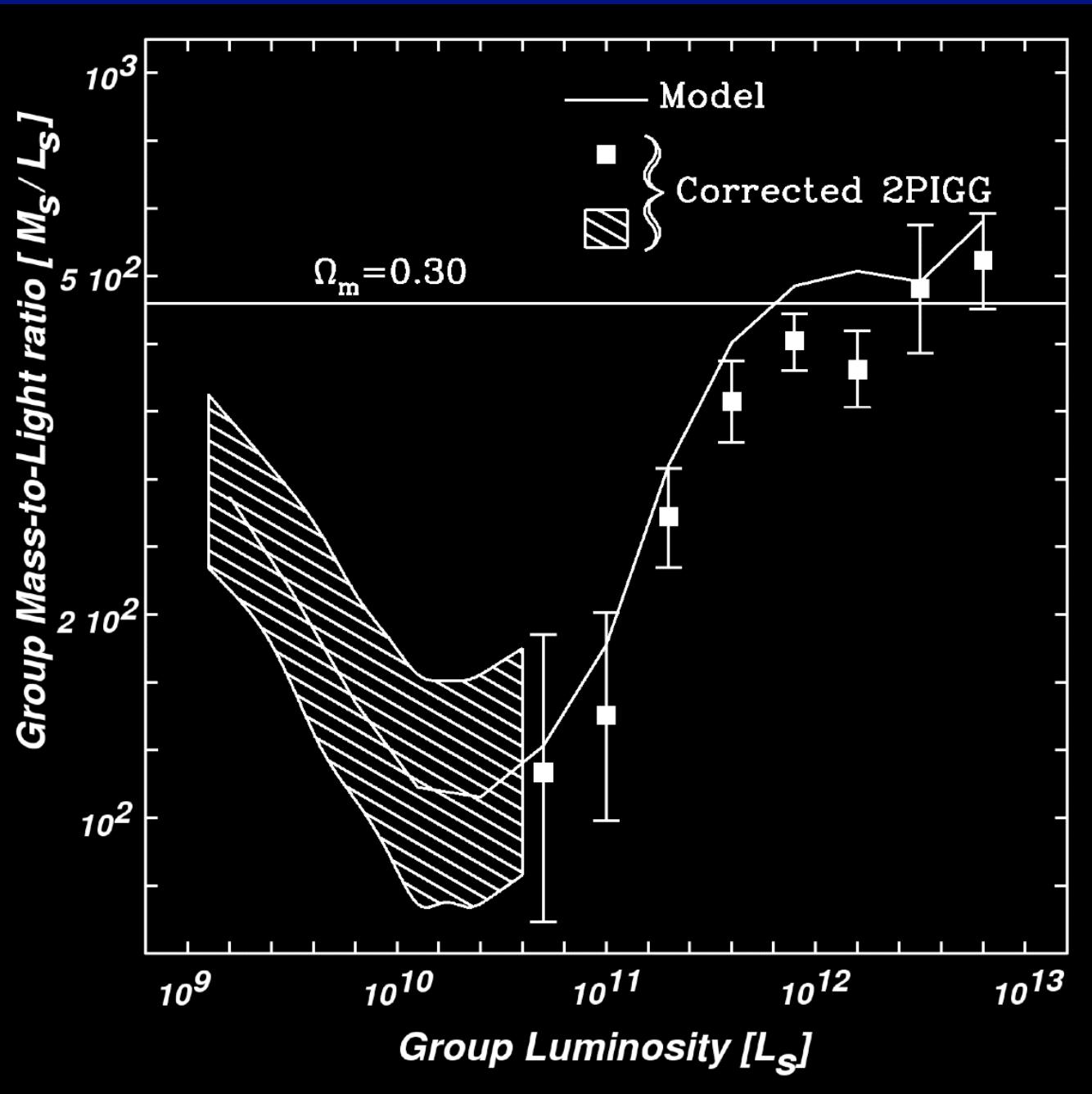
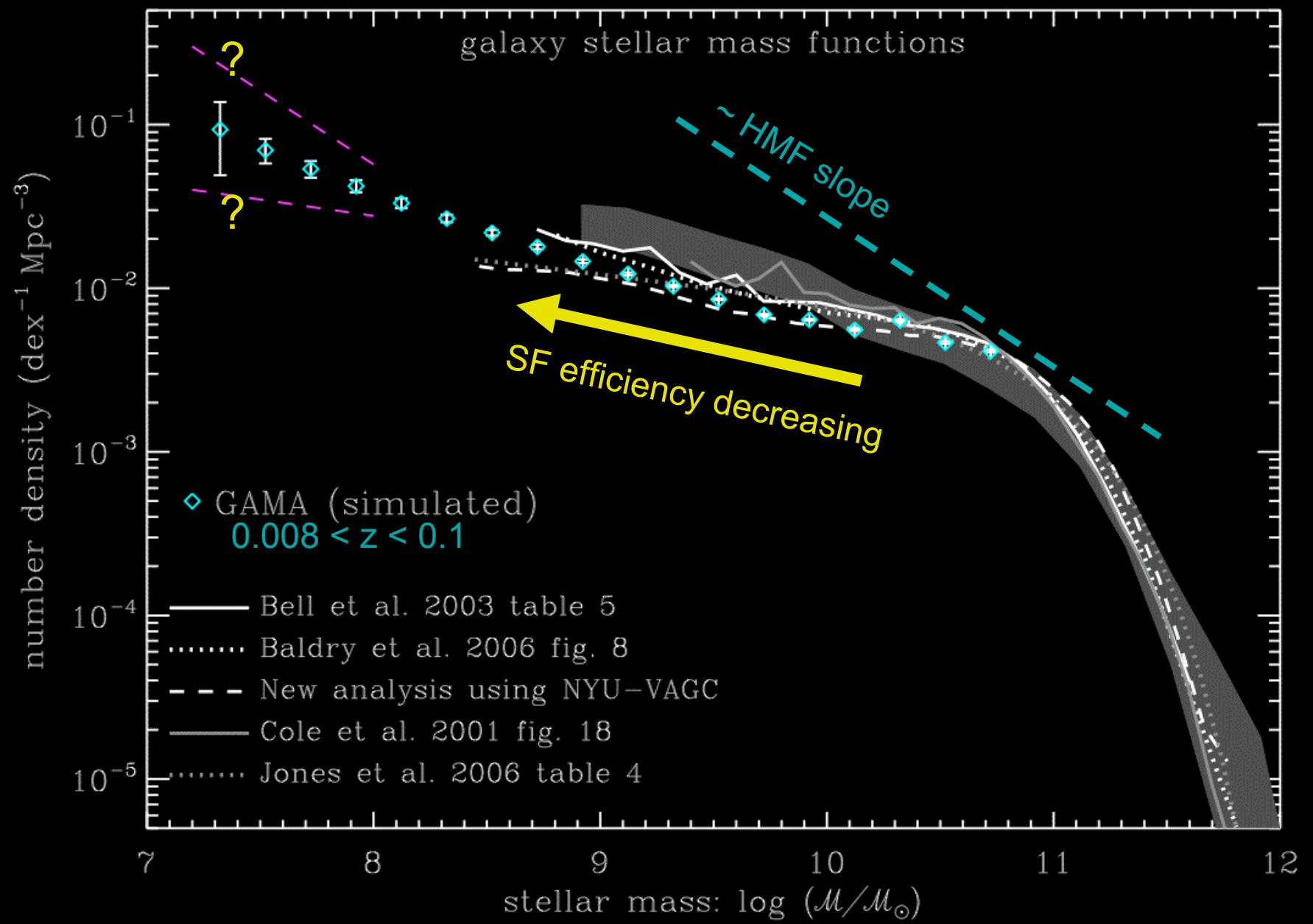
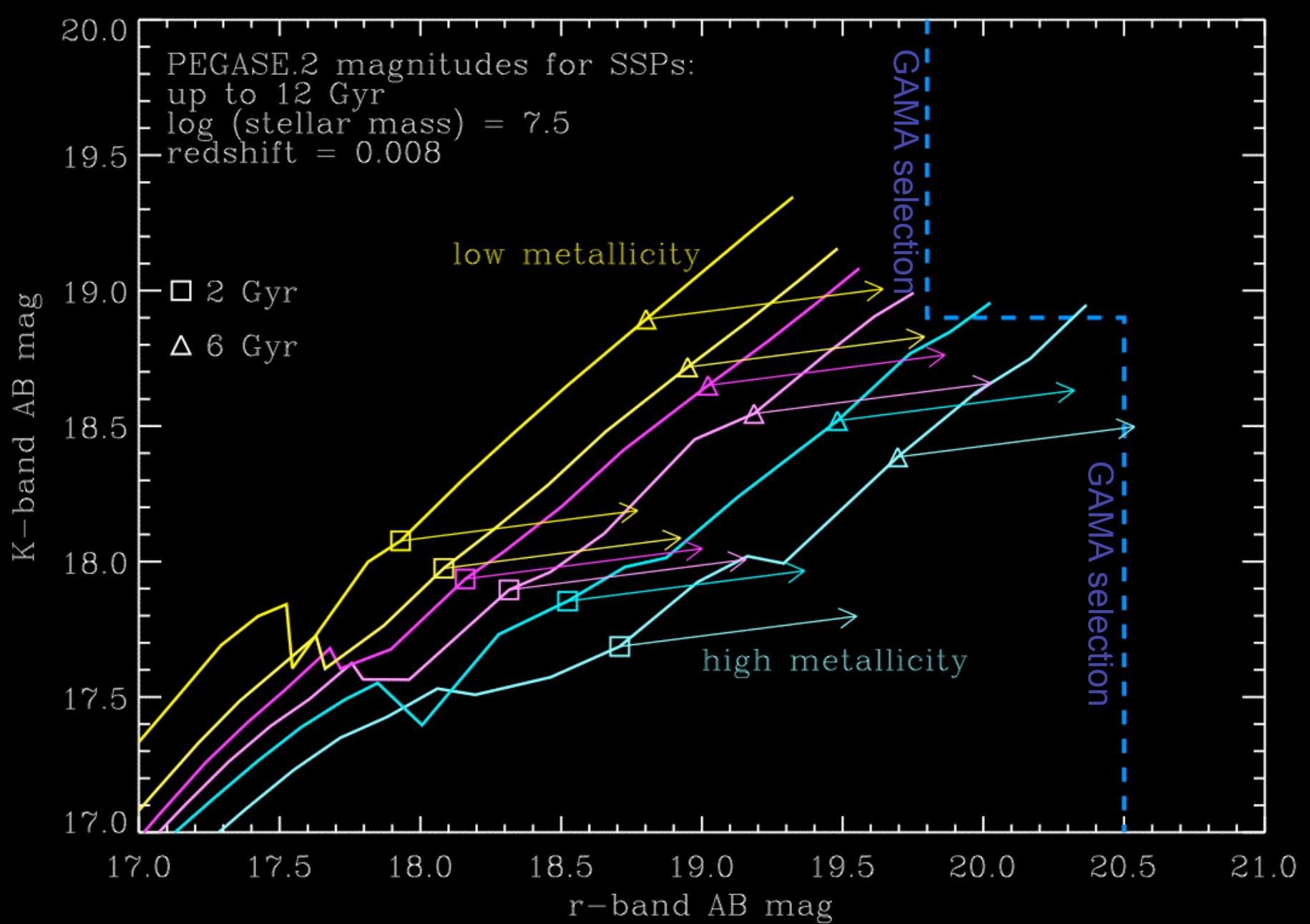


Figure adapted from Eke et al. 2006

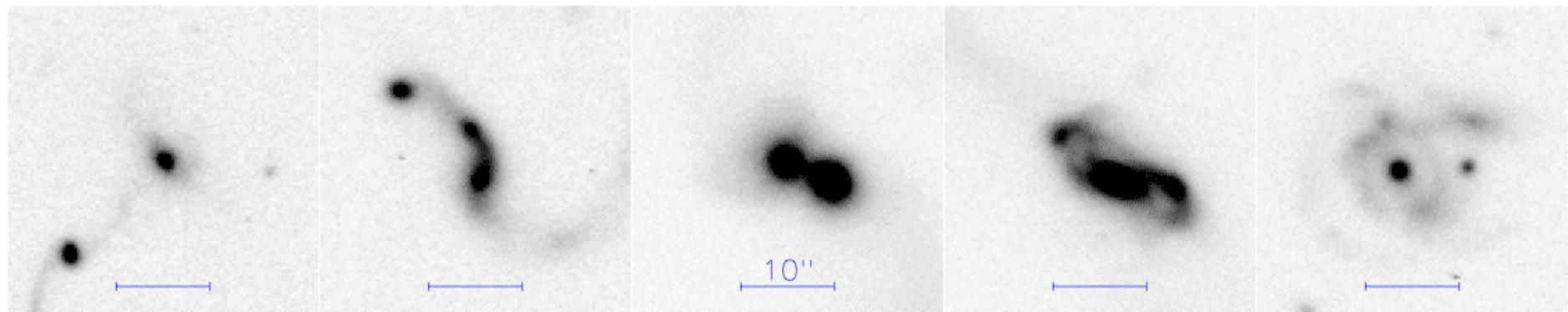
Ivan Baldry, Liverpool JMU; NAM 2007



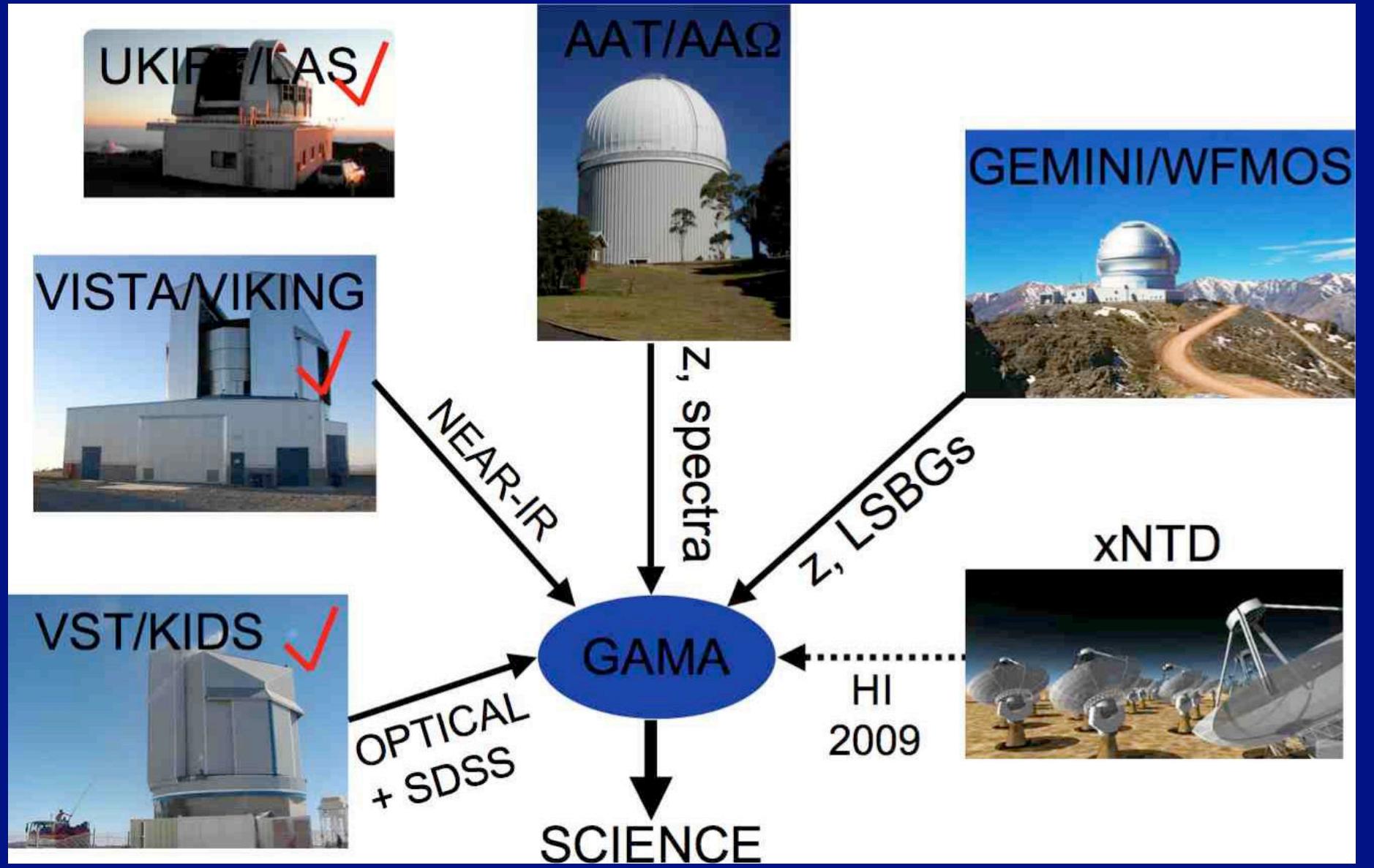


# Merger rates

- Close pairs (sky and redshift space)
- Asymmetric light distribution (imaging from VST-KIDS and VISTA-VIKING)



# Contributing Facilities

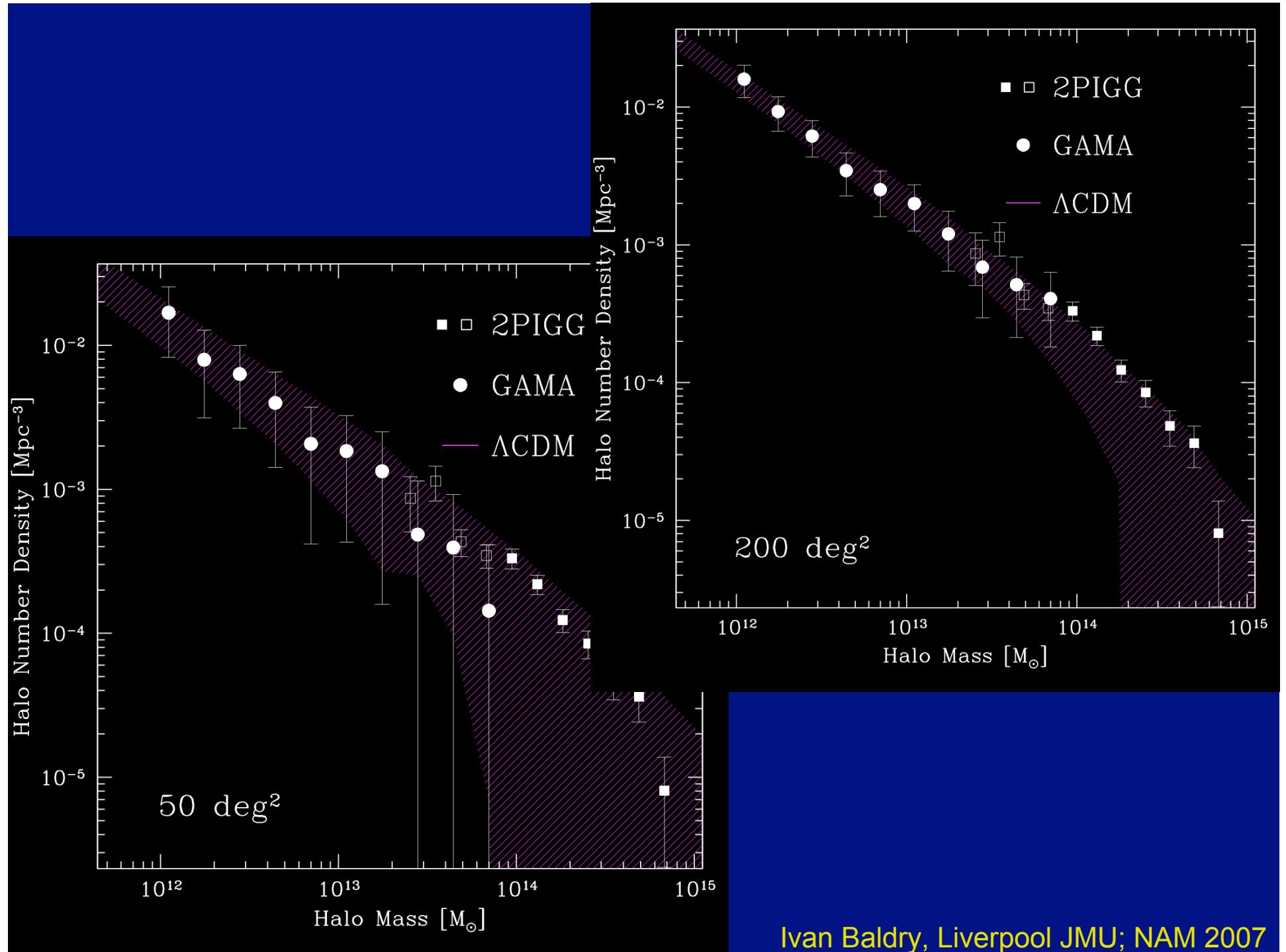


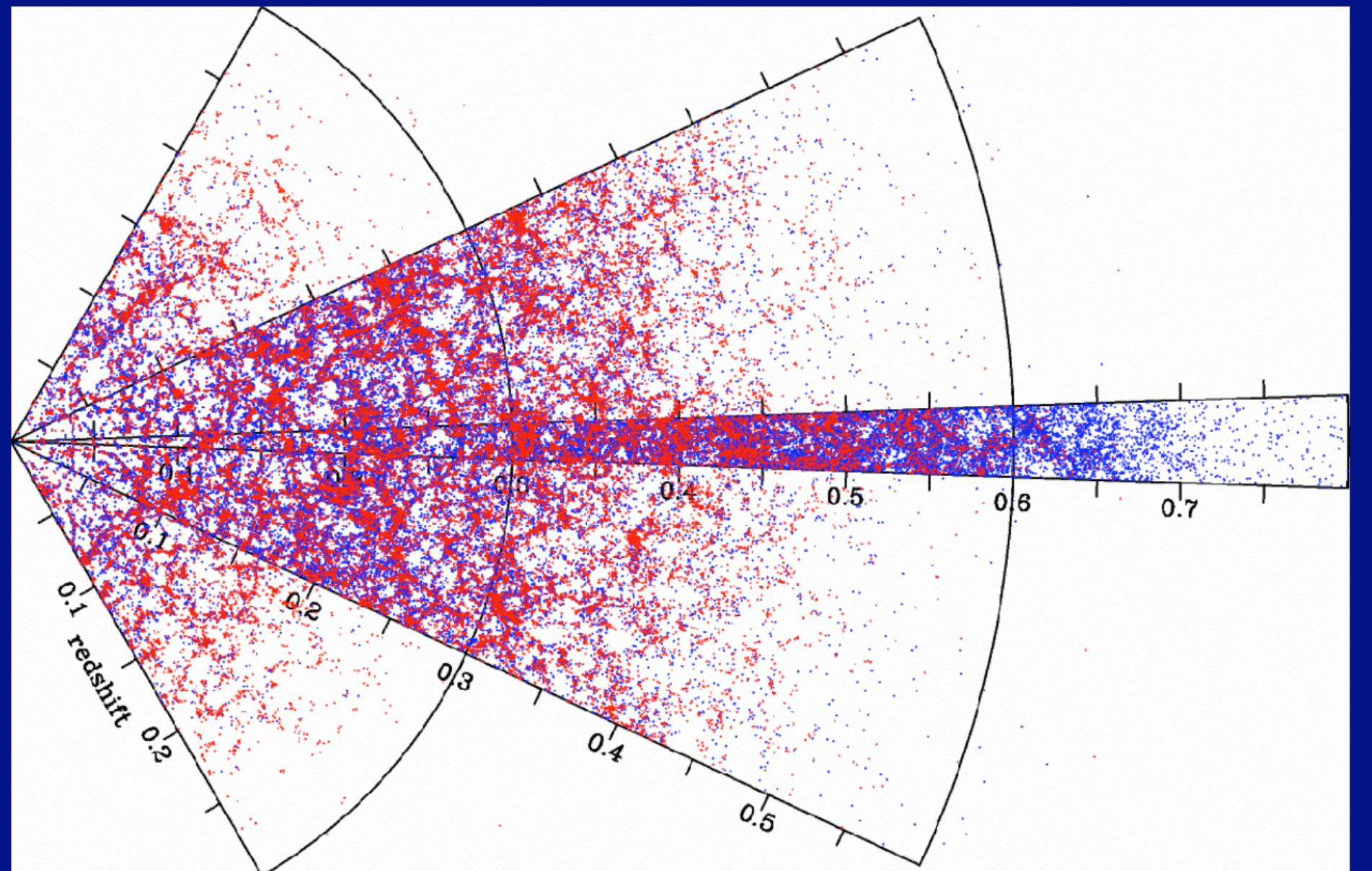
# Spectroscopy

- Requires ~ 150 nights of time on AAT using AAOmega.
- Problem: UK-led science but the UK's share of AAT is going down!
- ? 75 nights from standard TAC and 75 nights purchased directly ?
  - Other options?

# GAMA

- PIs: Driver (St Andrews), Baldry (LJMU), Hopkins (Usyd), Liske (ESO), Nichol (Ports.), Norberg (Edin.), Peacock (Edin.) + 16 Co-Is
- Associated groups: UKIDSS LAS, VST KIDS, VISTA VIKING, ICC
- Building on success of the 2dFGRS, SDSS and MGC
- 200 sq degrees (2x100 sq deg. chunks each 4x25deg), 250k galaxies
- General science:
  - A study of structure on 1kpc-1Mpc scales, where baryon physics is critical
  - Tracing how mass (stars and cold gas) follows light
  - Provide a definitive zero redshift benchmark for the JWST and the SKA
- Specific goals:
  - the CDM Halo mass function from group velocity dispersions
  - the stellar mass function into the dwarf regime
  - the HI mass function and associate gas/stellar mass ratios
  - the baryonic mass function and baryon to dark matter ratios
  - determine the galaxy merger rates as a function of mass ratio
- Provision of a SDSS/2MASS like public database incorporating:
  - Optical: ugri (VST), spectra (AAT)
  - Near-IR: ZYJHK (VISTA)
  - Radio: 21cm (xNTD, SKADS)





SDSS, GAMA and VVDS(wide)

Ivan Baldry, Liverpool JMU; NAM 2007

# Galaxy Evolution versus Environment and Mass

